

MODULE FRAMING SHAPE & SIZE **OVERALL** DETAILING BUILDING **FIELD SIZE & POSITION** 

FORMAL CHARACTERISTICS OF PHOTOVOLTAICS & THEIR ARCHITECTURAL EXPRESSIONS

Klaudia Farkas

#### **TECHNICAL DEVICE**

Added to the building

#### **BUILDING COMPONENT**

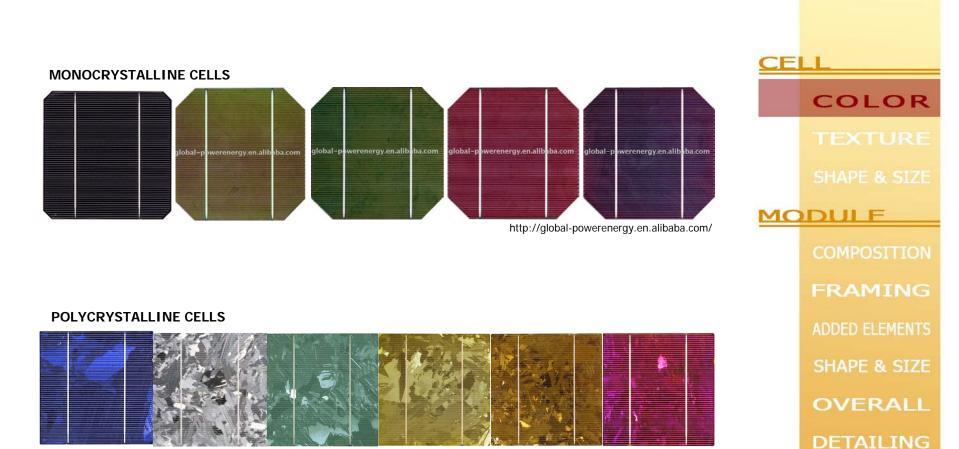
Integrated into the building design





Paul-Horn Arena, Tübingen, Germany

CELI MODULE FRAMING SHAPE & SIZE **OVERALL** DETAILING BUILDING **FIELD SIZE & POSITION** 

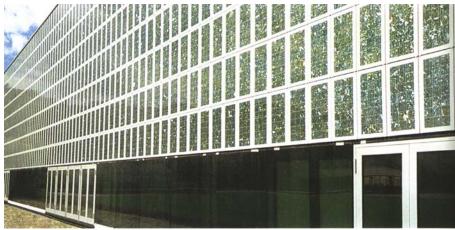


http://www.sunways.eu

BUILDING

**FIELD SIZE & POSITION** 

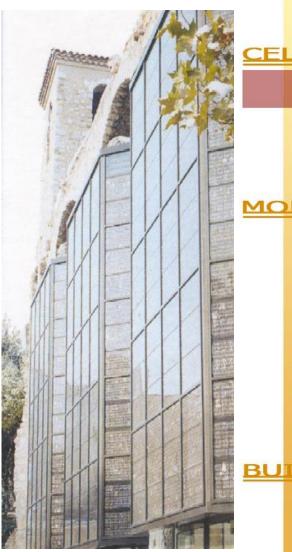
Photovoltaic cells have a variety of possibilities in color on the market by adding an antireflection layer on the original cell.



Paul-Horn Arena, Tübingen, Germany



Tourist Office, Ales, France



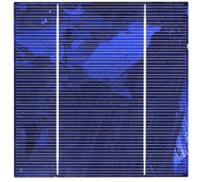
Tourist Office, Ales, France

# COLOR MODULE FRAMING SHAPE & SIZE **OVERALL** DETAILING BUILDING **FIELD SIZE & POSITION**

#### MONOCRYSTALLINE CELLS POL



#### POLYCRYSTALLINE CELLS



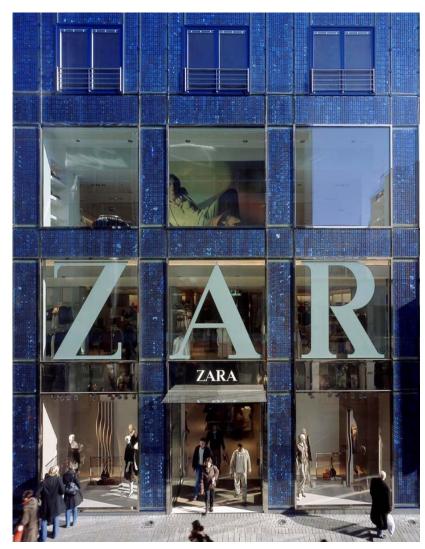
#### POLISHED MARBLE



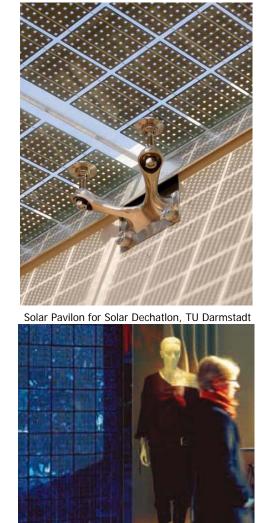


The cells texture depends on the different technology. Monocrystalline cells have a more solid, while poly-, multicrystalline cells have a marble-like texture.

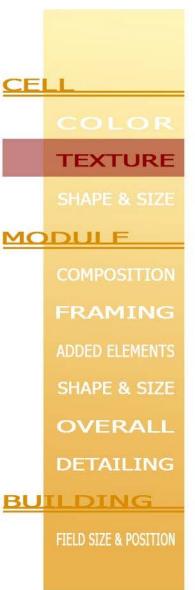
http://www.sunways.eu

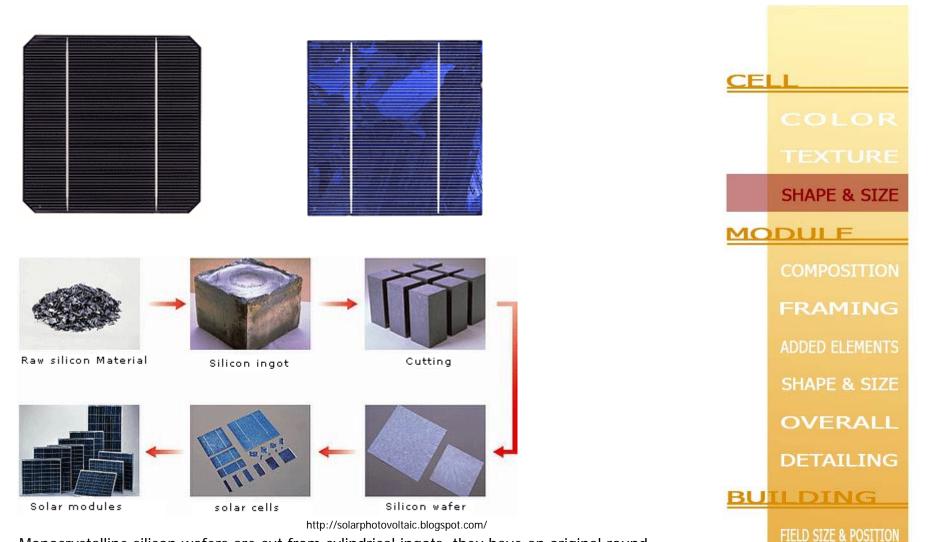


Zara Fashion Store, Cologne, Germany



Zara Fashion Store, Cologne, Germany

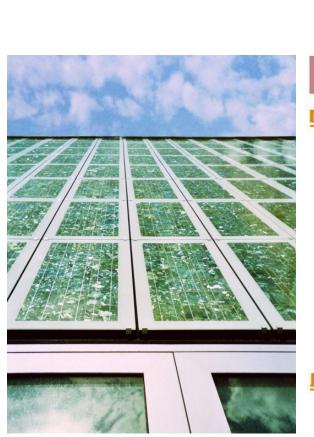




Monocrystalline silicon wafers are cut from cylindrical ingots, they have an original round shape, while multicrystalline ones are cut from cast-square ingots, therefore have an original quadratic shape.

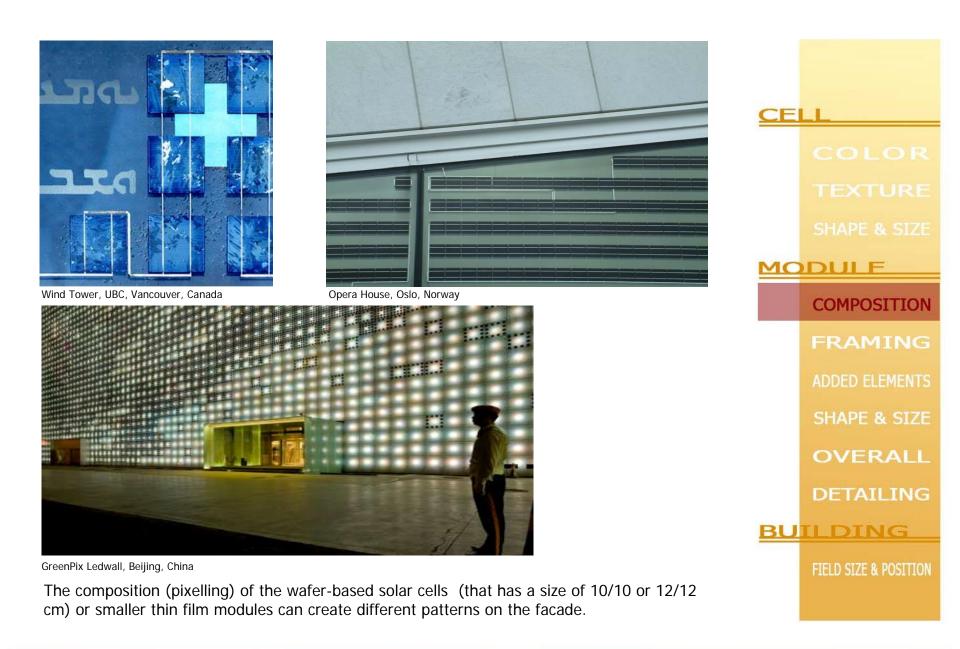


Opera House, Oslo, Norway



Paul-Horn Arena, Tübingen, Germany

CELI SHAPE & SIZE MODULE SHAPE & SIZE **OVERALL** DETAILING BUILDING **FIELD SIZE & POSITION** 





GreenPix Ledwall, Beijing, China



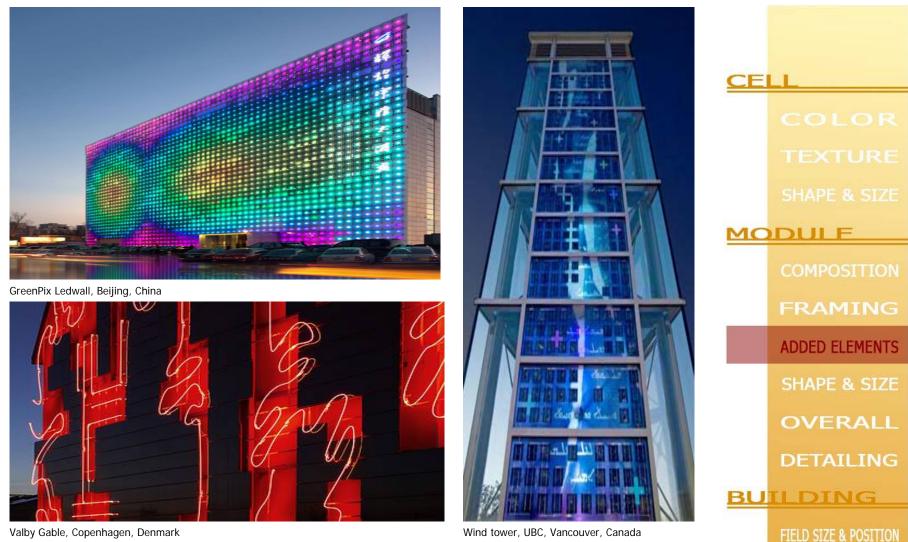
BP Solar Skin, NTNU, Trondheim, Norway

The most common frames of modules are made of aluminium. Modules can be integrated into curtain-wall systems as well. There is also possibility for frameless modules to match architect's needs.





Paul-Horn Arena, Tübingen, Germany

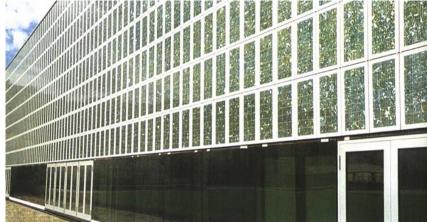


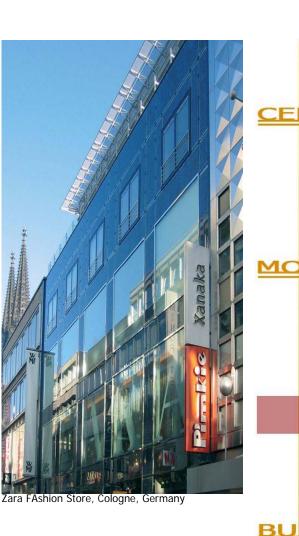
Valby Gable, Copenhagen, Denmark

Wind tower, UBC, Vancouver, Canada

Certain added elements can enhance the façade design. These can be in front, in the level, or behind the surface of the PV modules. Some examples are glass painting, different lightning systems (LED)...etc.







MODUL FRAMING SHAPE & SIZE **OVERALL** DETAILING BUILDING **FIELD SIZE & POSITION** 

Paul-Horn Arena, Tübingen, Germany

The characteristics of the cells, the framing and the added elements together with the conceptual grid of the façade define the shape and size of the module.



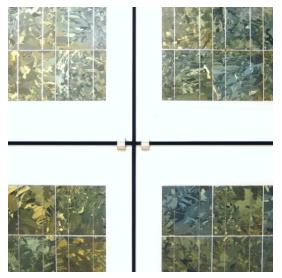
Wind Tower, UBC College, Vancouver, Canada

The characteristics of the cells, the composition of the cells, the framing, the added elements and the shape and size of the module create an overall design of the component.

## FORMAL CHARACTERISTICS OF PHOTOVOLTAICS & THEIR ARCHITECTURAL EXPRESSIONS

DETAILING BUILDING

**FIELD SIZE & POSITION** 



Paul-Horn Arena, Tübingen, Germany

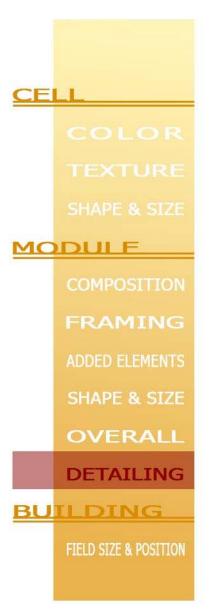


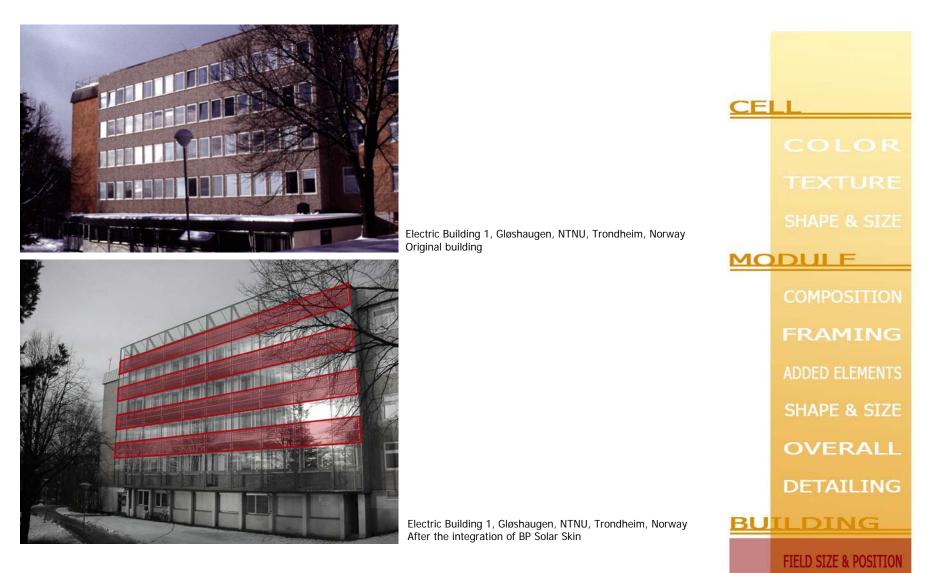
BP Solar Skin, NTNU, Trondheim, Norway



Opera House, Oslo, Norway

The mounting and jointing, the electric wiring and connections to other components of the façade provide a variety of structural detailing issues.





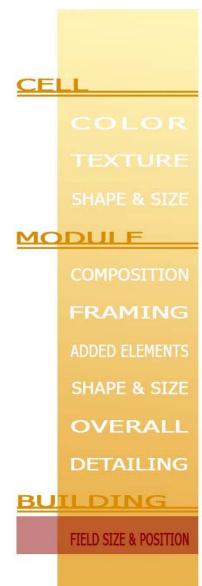
This issue discusses whether the formal and conceptual positioning and the size of the PV modules match the formal design and composition of the overall project.



Paul-Horn Arena, Tübingen, Germany - Entrance



Paul-Horn Arena, Tübingen, Germany – Southern facade with integrated PV



# Thank you for your attention!

