# **On-the-Fly News Recommendation Using Sequential Patterns**

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# **Challenges of News Recommender Systems**

- News articles are published constantly
- Recommended items need to be fresh
- Users are typically not logged in
  - Thus, there is often no long-term history
- News articles are often consumed in a specific order

## **Research Goal**

- How to use the community's news consumption patterns to predict what the current user wants to read next?
- Traditional Sequential Pattern Mining (SPM) approaches could not deal with breaking news or recent community click trends due to long training times
- An SPM approach is needed that can incrementally update its recommendation model with every incoming click



# **Sequential Pattern Mining**

For a news reading session



we want to extract every (sub-) pattern like so:

| A B A | A B C | A C | BC | A B C |
|-------|-------|-----|----|-------|
|-------|-------|-----|----|-------|

- Equivalent to calculating the power set of the session
- How to do this incrementally based on session snapshots?



| Click | Session<br>Fragment | Intermediary | Power Set Fragment |
|-------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Α     | Α                   |              |                    |
|       |                     |              |                    |



| Click | Session<br>Fragment | Intermediary | Power Set Fragment |
|-------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Α     | Α                   |              |                    |
|       |                     |              |                    |

| Click | Session<br>Fragment | Intermediary | Partial Power Set Fragment |
|-------|---------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
| Α     | Α                   |              | Α                          |



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| Click  | Session<br>Fragment | Intermediary | Power Set Fragment |
|--------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| A<br>B | A<br>A B            |              | A                  |





















### **Recommendation Model**

- To generate recommendations from extracted patterns efficiently, patterns need to be stored in a model that allows:
  - ... quick updates
  - ... quick calculation of recommendation scores
- Solution: An incrementally updateable pattern tree model





























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 Given a session (e.g., A), build the power set (in this case also A)





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B /

2

- Given a session (e.g., A), build the power set (in this case also A)
- ► Then, traverse the tree based on every sub-pattern of the user's current session and aggregate confidence scores for each candidate item *i* calculated like so:  $conf(i \in P) = \frac{frequency(P)}{frequency(P \setminus i)}$
- Thus, conf(B) = 2/3 and conf(C) = 1/3

B /

B

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## **Tweaks**

- Default approach: Seq
- Approach that reduces the support values of "stale" patterns based on a click queue implementation: Seq<sub>r</sub>
- Approach with a slightly modified scoring method that penalizes candidate items from longer patterns: Seq<sub>p</sub>
- Combination of recency and penalization varieties: Seq<sub>pr</sub>

# **Evaluation**

The experiments are designed based on the StreamingRec framework, which simulates real-time recommendation and allows algorithms to learn incrementally

Michael Jugovac, Dietmar Jannach, and Mozhgan Karimi. 2018. StreamingRec: A Framework for Benchmarking Stream-based News Recommenders. In Proceedings of the 12th Conference on Recommender Systems

 Evaluation on two real-world data sets from Plista and Outbrain



#### Results



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### Conclusions

- The proposed approach is more effective in terms of F1 than previous NRS methods
  - Also: Much more efficient (~0.2 ms per request)
- For more in-depth results, come to the poster!
- Future work
  - Weighted scoring for candidate items
  - Personalized variant that considers user history

